Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions

# CXH-A/B Hazardous Location Forced-Air Heater







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## **1. Introduction**

This document contains safety, installation, operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting information for model CXH-A/B unit heaters. Always check www.chromalox.com to ensure you have the latest revision of this document. Revision date is listed on the cover page.

## 2. Safety

#### **Read this First**

Read this document in full prior to installation and commissioning as it contain important safety and warning information that can prevent injury, death, and damage to property.

**Model CXH...-EP** are designed for operation in Class I, Div. 1, Groups C & D and Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F and G hazardous atmospheres having an ignition temperature of  $165^{\circ}C$  ( $329^{\circ}F$ ) or higher. They are designed for comfort heating and should not be operated in ambient temperatures exceeding  $40^{\circ}C$  ( $104^{\circ}F$ ). CXH-A units are UL listed.

**Model CXH...-CE** heaters meet the requirements of ATEX directive 2014/34/EU and IECEx schemes. They are designed for space heating and freeze protection in hazardous locations where potentially flammable gasses may be found. They are designed for comfort heating and should not be operated in ambient temperatures exceeding 40°C (104°F).

Routine preventative maintenance is required to ensure safe and reliable operation.

The CXH-A is designed to operate up to an elevation of 3000ft (915m). For higher elevations a CXH-B must be used.

### **Qualified Personnel**

Installation and servicing should be performed by qualified personnel only. Qualified personnel should be familiar with electrical installations in hazardous locations. Installation should be in accordance to the latest issues of the relevant parts of EN60079 as well as local codes.

### AWARNING

**ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.** Disconnect all power before installing or servicing heater. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or property damage.

#### **Flameproof Enclosures**

Only remove enclosure covers when it can confirmed that flammable gases or dust are <u>not present.</u>

**Flameproof Enclosures:** This heater is designed for use in hazardous locations and contains enclosures with flameproof joints. Unless otherwise noted, do not tamper with, repair, or modify enclosures or the enclosures flameproof joints. If the flameproof joints (threads or machined surfaces) appear to be damage, units must be returned to Chromalox for repair. If stripped or damaged, replacement fasteners used on flameproof enclosures must be provided by Chromalox.

Indicator Lights: If the lens becomes damaged or detached then the Indicator Lamp should be replaced.

### **Hot Surfaces**

During operation, surfaces of the heater may become hot and pose a potential burn risk. Prior to inspecting or servicing wait until surfaces have cooled below 40°C.

### Motor and Fan Blade

Motor and fan blade rotate at high speed during operation. Never remove protective grill during operation. Before servicing ensure that blade and motor have come to a complete stop.

When stored or used at -40°C, inspect the motor prior to and after use .

### **Noise Levels**

During operation, model CXH-A/B heaters produce noise levels of approximately 82dB. It is recommended that personnel working in close proximity to operating equipment be equipped with hearing protection to prevent hearing damage or loss.

### **Glycol Heat Transfer Fluid**

Model CXH-A/B heater utilize propylene or ethylene glycol in the sealed heat exchanger. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) can be located at www.chromalox.com.

### **Electrostatic Charging Hazard**

The accumulation of dust and dirt on painted heater surfaces can potentially lead to electrostatic charging. Per preventative maintenance and repair section, only clean painted surfaces with a wet, damp cloth.

## **3. Specifications and Product Identification**

#### Table A - Operating Performance

			Horiz. Air		0584	M4 1/ -	Over	all Dimer mm (In.)	nsions	5/8" UNC Mountin Loca mm	Tapped ng Hole tions (in.)
Model	kW	Voltage and Phase	(ft.)	втин	(m²/hr)	(Lbs.)	Α	В	с	D	E
CXH-A/B-03	3	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 208/240V-1 or 3ph 60Hz 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	28 (8.5)	10,236	700 (1189)	58 (127)	485.8 (19-1/8)	606.4 (23-7/8)	533.4 (21)	88.9 (3-1/2)	346.1 (13-5/8)
CXH-A/B-05	5	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 208/240V-1 or 3ph 60Hz 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	28 (8.5)	17,060	700 (1189)	58 (127)	485.8 (19-1/8)	606.4 (23-7/8)	533.4 (21)	88.9 (3-1/2)	346.1 (13-5/8)
CXH-A/B-07	7.5	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 208/2 40V-l or 3ph 60Hz 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	32 (9.8)	25,590	840 (1427)	60 (133)	485.8 (19-1/8)	606.4 (23-7/8)	533.4 (21)	88.9 (3-1/2)	346.1 (13-5/8)
CXH-A/B-10	10	240V-1 or 3ph 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	32 (9.8)	34,120	840 (1427)	63 (138)	485.8 (19-1/8)	606.4 (23-7/8)	533.4 (21)	88.9 (3-1/2)	346.1 (13-5/8)
CXH-A/B-10	10	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz	47 (14.3)	34,120	1450 (2464)	68 (150)	635 (25)	708 (27-7/8)	533.4 (21)	111.9 (4-13/32)	447.7 (17-5/8)
CXH-A/B-15	15	380/400/415 V 3ph 50Hz 208/240/480/575V 3ph 60H	47 (14.3)	51,180	1450 (2464)	68 (150)	635 (25)	708 (27-7/8)	533.4 (21)	111.9 (4-13/32)	447.7 (17-5/8)
CXH-A/B-20	20	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	43 (13.1)	68,240	1450 (2464)	75 (165)	635 (25)	708 (27-7/8)	533.4 (21)	111.9 (4-13/32)	447.7 (17-5/8)
CXH-A/B-25	25	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 480/ 575V 3ph 60Hz	54 (16.5)	85,300	2330 (3959)	91 (200)	816 (32-1/8)	809.6 (31-7/8)	552.5 (21-3/ 4)	139.7 (5-1/2)	549.3 (21-5/8)
CXH-A/B-30	30	380/400/415V 3ph 50Hz 480/575V 3ph 60Hz	54 (165)	102,360	2330 (3959)	91 (200)	816 (32-1/8)	809.6 (31-7/8)	552.5 (21-3/4)	139.7 (5-1/2)	549.3 (21-5/8)
CXH-A/B-35	35	480/575V 3ph 60Hz	54 (16.5)	119,420	2330 (3959)	91 (200)	816 (32-1/8)	809.6 (31-7/8)	552.5 (21-3/4)	139.7 (5-1/2)	549.3 (21-5/8)



Note: Performance data is based on results of controlled testing. Actual performance may vary depending on application.

## **CXH Forced Air Heater for Hazardous Locations**

### **AWARNING**

Failure to understand and follow these installation instructions and the **WARNING** notes contained therein may result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

- 1. To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres: In accordance with the National Electrical Code, do not install where operating temperature code exceeds the ignition temperature of the hazardous atmosphere. Use only in atmospheres having an ignition temperature higher than 165°C (329°F).
- Disconnect from supply circuit before opening enclosures.
- Hazard of Electric Shock. Heater must be effectively grounded in accordance with NEC/IEC to eliminate shock hazard.
- 4. Heat exchanger contains Propylene Glycol under pressure at operating temperature. A material safety data sheet (MSDS) is available from Chromalox upon request. Should leakage occur, remove unit from service and investigate cause.
- 5. Keep all electrical enclosure covers tightly closed and secured with all bolts and threads. Cover joints must be clean before replacing covers.
- 6. Install and operate in upright position only. Refer to Figure 2 for level requirements. Failure to comply will cause overheating of the element and shutting down the unit by tripping the high temperature cutout.

- 7. All unused threaded openings not used for supply wiring must be fitted with threaded plugs approved for use in hazardous locations.
- 8. All unit electrical installation fittings, conduit, wiring and seals must meet NEC/IEC and local codes for hazardous locations.
- 9. External line fusing or circuit breaker protection is required.
- **10.** High temperature cutout(s) must never be bypassed in the control circuit.
- **11.** Alarm pilot lamp, if supplied, will turn on if the high temperature cutout(s) actuates. Steady on lamp indicates temperature cutout(s) has tripped. This could result if the heat exchanger is obstructed (dirty), inlet air restricted or fan not turning. Shut off power to unit and refer to repair procedures section of instruction sheet.
- 12. Mounting clearances on nameplate must be observed.
- **13.** Use copper wire for supply connections according to size and rating on nameplate.
- **14.** Do not install any type of gasket material on any of the electrical junction box cover surfaces.
- **15.** Do not attempt to override louver stops or operate unit with louvers fully closed.



#### Table B - Specifications

	cULus	Class I, Group C, D - Divisions 1 & 2 T3B Class II, Groups E, F, G - Divisions 1 & 2 T3B
CXH-A/BEP Models	cULus	Class I, Group C, D - Divisions 1 & 2 T3C Class II, Groups F, G - Divisions 1 & 2 T3C
	Cabinet	Powder Coated Carbon Steel
	Enclosures	Flame-proof, Aluminum
	Fan Guard	Finger safe, welded wire
Mechanical	Heat Exchanger	ASME Designed, Carbon Steel
	Fan Blade	High Performance Aluminum
	Conduit	Galvanized, Heavy Walled
	Pressure Relief Valve	316 Stainless Steel, Preset
	Immersion Heater	High grade nickel chromium resistance wire encased in copper sheath
	High Limit Cutout	Manual Reset or Optional Automatic and Manual Reset
	Control Transformer	Class II, 40VA
Electrical	Control Contactor	Heavy Duty Definite Purpose
	Motor Protection	Thermal Protector
	Optional Thermostat	Flame-proof, 50-90°F (10-32°C)
	Optional Pilot Lights	Indicates Heat-on, Heater Fault
Temperature Limitations	Operating	Propylene: -20°C to + 40°C (-4°F to 104°F); Ethylene: -40°C to + 40°C (-40°F to 104°F);
	Storage	40°C (104°F), Intermittently to 130°C (266°F) can be Requested

Model CXH-A/B...-EP heaters are UL listed under file KFVR.E32299

NOTE: Model CXH-B...-EP heaters must be used in elevations over 3,000ft

#### Table C - Specifications

	ATEX	Ex II 2 G Ex db IIB + H2 T3 Gb -40°C $\leq T_{amb} \leq +40$ °C (-40°F $\leq T_{amb} \leq +104$ °F)
CXH-BCE Models	IECEx	Ex d IIB + H2 T3 Gb -40°C $\leq T_{amb} \leq +40$ °C (-40°F $\leq T_{amb} \leq +104$ °F)
	EAC Ex	1 Ex de IIB + H2 T3 X -40°C $\leq T_{amb} S$ +40°C (-40°F $\leq T_{amb} \leq$ +104°F)
	Cabinet	Powder Coated Carbon Steel
	Enclosures	Flame-proof, Aluminum
	Fan Guard	Finger safe, welded wire
Mechanical	Heat Exchanger	ASME Designed, Carbon Steel
	Fan Blade	High Performance Aluminum
	Conduit	Galvanized, Heavy Walled
	Pressure Relief Valve	316 Stainless Steel, Preset
	Immersion Heater	High grade nickel chromium resistance wire encased in copper sheath
	High Limit Cutout	Automatic and Manual Reset
	Control Transformer	Class II, 40VA
Electrical	Control Contactor	Heavy Duty Definite Purpose
	Motor Protection	Thermal Protector
	Optional Thermostat	Flame-proof, 50-90°F (10-32°C)
	Optional Pilot Lights	Indicates Heat-on, Heater Fault
Temperature Limitatione	Operating	-40°C to + 40°C (-40°F to 104°F);
	Storage	40°C (104°F), Intermittently to 130°C (266°F) can be Requested

Model CXH-B...-CE heaters have an EC type examination as well as IECEx and EAC certificates issued by Intertek and have been approved to the following standards

- EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013
- EN 60079-1:2014
- IEC 60079-0:2011 (Ed. 6)
- IEC 60079-1:2007-04 (Ed. 6)



## 4. Mechanical Installation

### Location

- Model CXH-A/B heaters are certified for hazardous locations listed in table C. When un-crating confirm nameplate (located on control enclosure lid on left side of heater) matches what was ordered. If listing does not meet hazardous location requirements, contact Chromalox immediately.
- 2. Prior to installation ensure that heater configuration meets environmental requirements. Model CXH-A/B heater are designed with corrosion and moisture protection, but it is the responsibility of the end user to ensure that materials are compatible with the application conditions.
- 3. Location should be free of interference from columns, machinery and partitions, and should allow for required clearances (see Mounting).
- 4. Outlet air is hot, so avoid locations where heaters may blow directly at personnel.

5. For best performance, locate heaters according to figure 1. This will promote optimal air circulation and eliminate hot or cold spots. Heaters should blow air parallel to exposed walls (do not blow directly at and should be instal led along the windward side when installed in a building exposed to a prevailing wind.



### Mounting

- Model CHX-A/B heaters are designed for use only in a permanently mounted upright position. The maximum out of plane dimensions as shown in Figure 2 must not be exceeded in either direction during operation and installation. Failure to comply may cause nuisance tripping of over-temperature cutout.
- The ceiling or wall mounting surface and the anchoring must be sufficient to support the combined weights of the heater and mounting hardware (heater weights are listed in Table A). We recommend the use of a mounting kit (ceiling, wall or pole) available from Chromalox. (Figures 5, 6 and 7)
- 3. Heaters may be mounted at any convenient height above floor. The minimum spacing shown in Figure 3 should be maintained to adjacent walls and ceiling. If floor heat is desired, do not mount higher than 8 to 10 feet (2.4 to 3.0 meters) above floor.
- 4. Controlling thermostats to individuals should be mounted at shoulder height on inside walls or columns clear of the discharge air stream of the unit. Allow at least 4 feet (1.2m) in front of heater for air stream to discharge freely. Do not mount mercury type thermostat directly on unit, vibration could cause malfunction.

- 5. Heater may be mounted on a shelf or stand from the bottom. Be sure that mounting clearances are maintained and that bottom of unit has at least 1" (25mm) clearance underneath it. This is necessary for good air circulation and servicing of heat exchanger. All mounting methods must allow for removal of front cover.
- Mounting and anchoring provisions must take into account the unit vibration and cantilevered loading when wall or pole mounted. Heater weights are listed in tables A within the Specifications and Product Identification section of the manual.
- 7. For proper mounting support, it is recommended that a Chromalox supplied wall, ceiling, or pole mounting kit be utilized.

These kits include brackets and heater installation hardware. Refer to document PF458 for mounting kit installation.

 CXH-A/B heaters are equipped with two threaded mounting points (5/8-11 UNC) located on the top of the heater case that may used to be anchor the heater to an alternative mounting structure using 5/8-11 (UNC) bolts and lock-washers.









## 5.1 Electrical Installation(CXH-A/B....-EP)

### AWARNING

**ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.** Disconnect all power before installing or servicing heater. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or property damage. Heater must be installed by a qualified person in accordance with the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70.

### **AWARNING**

**ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.** Any installation involving electric heaters must be performed by a qualified person and must be effectively grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code to eliminate shock hazard.

 Loosen and remove bolts securing the main terminal enclosure cover on side of unit. Connect heater to line supply wires at the box lugs located on the contactor according the voltage and frequency specified on the nameplate. Refer to the appropriate wiring diagram which also appears on the inside cover of this enclosure (see Table on right and diagrams on page 6).

### AWARNING

**EXPLOSION HAZARD.** Cover joints must be clean before replacing cover. Do not use any gasket material on joint surfaces.

- 2. Use copper conductors only for supply wires. Refer to nameplate and Table on right for size and rating required.
- **3.** Connect supply line ground conductor to the box lug provided on the base plate below contactor input lugs.
- 4. The fan motor is factory wired at the same voltage, and phase as the heating elements. All motors are thermally protected and connected to the main supply contactor. On three phase units, it is necessary to verify that the fan rotation is correct. Air stream discharge must be out front of unit. After connecting unit to line and closing all covers tightly, energize unit momentarily. If air does not exit front louvers, reverse any two supply leads at the box lugs on the contactor or at the supply disconnect.
- 5. Either of two 1 NPT rigid conduit openings with integral stops may be used for connection to supply line. (See Figure 9 and 10 for locations) Use only NEC approval hazardous locations means of wiring such as mineral insulated cable and fittings or rigid conduit and seal fittings located as required by installation codes.

### AWARNING

#### **EXPLOSION HAZARD.** All unused conduit openings must be fitted with plugs that are U.L. recognized for use in hazardous locations.

6. Heaters may be provided with a built-in control switch and/or thermostat. If not, they should be controlled by an externally mounted disconnect switch and/or separately mounted thermostat as shown in the appropriate wiring diagram found on the following pages. In case of malfunction, the personnel in the area should be aware of location of heater discon-nect.

CXH-A/BEP	<sup>9</sup> Supply	Wiring	Requirements
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Model	kW	Phase	Volte	Supply Wire	Max Fuse
CXH-03 CXH-03 CXH-03 CXH-03 CXH-03 CXH-03 CXH-03	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 3 1 3 3 3	208 208 240 240 480 575	10 14 12 14 14 14 14	25 15 20 15 15 15 15
CXH-05 CXH-05 CXH-05 CXH-05 CXH-05 CXH-05	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 3 1 3 3 3	208 208 240 240 480 575	8 12 10 12 14 14	35 20 30 20 15 15
CXH-07	7.5	1	208	6	50
CXH-07	7.5	3	208	10	30
CXH-07	7.5	1	240	6	45
CXH-07	7.5	3	240	10	25
CXH-07	7.5	3	480	14	15
CXH-07	7.5	3	575	14	15
CXH-10	10	3	208	8	40
CXH-10	10	1	240	6	60
CXH-10	10	3	240	8	35
CXH-10	10	3	480	12	20
CXH-10	10	3	575	14	15
CXH-15	15	3	208	6	60
CXH-15	15	3	240	6	50
CXH-15	15	3	480	10	25
CXH-15	15	3	575	12	20
CXH-18	18	3	240	6	60
CXH-20	20	3	480	8	35
CXH-20	20	3	575	10	30
CXH-25	25	3	480	8	40
CXH-25	25	3	575	8	35
CXH-30	30	3	480	6	50
CXH-30	30	3	575	8	40
CXH-35	35	3	480	6	60
CXH-35	35	3	575	8	50

- 7. Installation must include appropriate over current protection devices (fusing or circuit breakers) as required by the National Electric Code in the supply line to the unit. Refer to nameplate for proper current ratings.
- 8. To operate heaters from an externally mounted hazardous location thermostat, a terminal block is provided for connection (Figures 9 and 10). Remove the factory installed jumper across T2 and T3 on the terminal strip. Wire the thermostat contact leads to these terminals. The built in control transformer supplies the unit with either 24V or 120V for internal unit operation. This voltage will appear across the thermostat contacts when they are open. The minimum thermostat contact rating should be 1 amp @ 120 VAC. Refer to nameplate for control voltage of unit. The 1/2 NPT conduit wiring entry on top of the terminal enclosure should be used to wire the thermostat to the heater (Figure 10).

**9.** Protection against overheating is provided by a high temperature cutout located within the heat exchanger wiring compartment. (Figure 9) Activation of the control will open the control circuit and energize the pilot lamp (if supplied). If normal airflow is restricted, or stopped, the unit will be cycled off by the high temperature cutout. The high temperature cutout is also designed to shut down the unit completely if the fluid level is low or other heater malfunction occurs.

### AWARNING

High Temperature cutout(s) must never be bypassed in the control circuit. If the limit actuates, shut down unit and investigate cause of abnormal operation. Do not reenergize until the problem has been corrected.

### **AWARNING**

Users should install adequate back-up controls and safety devices with their electric heating equipment. If the back-up controls are to be located in the hazardous area, they must be approved for use in the class of location. Where the consequences of failure may be severe, back-up controls are essential.









## 5.2 Electrical Installation(CXH-B....-CE)

#### **Prior to Installation**

- 1. Follow all safety guidelines in this manual when performing electrical wiring. Electrical installation should be conducted by qualified personnel.
- 2. Model CXH-B....CE heaters must be installed according to the latest editions of the relevant parts of EN60079.
- 3. Disconnect power to unit prior to installation. If integral disconnect is being serviced, ensure that feeder service to disconnect is off.
- 4. Familiarize yourself with wiring diagram and wire connection points. Wiring diagrams are located on the inside cover of the main control enclosure. A general wiring diagram is also included in this manual.
- 5. Ensure that proper cable glands and conduit connectors have been selected. Cable, glands and conduit must be installed per IEC/ATEX guidelines and must have proper hazardous location listings.

- 6. 1"NPT Entry on top is factory equipped with a non-certified conduit plug
- 7. Unused conduit/cable entries must be plugged with certified stopper plugs.
- 8. Ensure that equipment is properly grounded using designated grounding lugs.
- 9. Modification of cable/conduit entries will void third party listings and warranty.
- Wiring should be selected based on amperages listed in table D. Use only copper conductors and approved wiring methods.
- 11. An external overcurrent device is required. Overcurrent device should be sized based on heater amperages listed in table D and should conform to installation location requirements.

#### **Mains Connection**

- 1. The conduit / cable entry for mains power are located on the cast control enclosure.
- To access the connection points for the mains power, remove the (18) x M12 cover bolts on the main enclosure. Once removed, the (3) mains wires should be connected directly to the heater contactor or circuit breaker (if equipped). See figures 10 and 11 for connection points.







#### Table D – Electrical Ratings

Model	Volts	kW	Phase	Total Current (Amps)	Minimum Circuit Amps	Supply Wire (AWG) (90°C Ambient)	Max. Fuse/ Breaker size (Amps)	Wiring Diagram
CXH-B-03	240	3	3	8.0	10.0	14	15	I
CXH-B-05	240	5	3	12.8	16.0	14	20	I
CXH-B-07	240	7.5	3	17.6	22.0	12	25	I.
CXH-B-10	240	10	3	24.8	31.0	8	35	I
CXH-B-15	240	15	3	36.9	46.2	6	50	I
CXH-B-03	480	3	3	4.0	5.0	14	15	I.
CXH-B-05	480	5	3	6.4	8.0	14	15	I.
CXH-B-07	480	7.5	3	8.8	11.0	14	15	I
CXH-B-10	480	10	3	12.4	15.5	14	20	I.
CXH-B-15	480	15	3	18.5	23.2	10	30	I
CXH-B-20	480	20	3	24.5	30.7	8	35	I
CXH-B-25	480	25	3	30.9	38.7	8	40	I.
CXH-B-30	480	30	3	36.9	46.2	6	50	I.
CXH-B-35	480	35	3	42.9	53.7	4	60	I.
CXH-B-03	600	3	3	3.2	4.0	14	15	I.
CXH-B-05	600	5	3	5.6	7.0	14	15	I
CXH-B-07	600	7.5	3	7.5	9.4	14	15	I.
CXH-B-10	600	10	3	10.4	13.0	14	15	I.
CXH-B-15	600	15	3	15.2	19.0	14	20	I.
CXH-B-20	600	20	3	20.0	25.0	12	25	I.
CXH-B-25	600	25	3	24.7	30.9	8	35	I.
CXH-B-30	600	30	3	29.6	37.0	8	40	I
CXH-B-35	600	35	3	34.4	43.0	6	50	I

## 6. Operation

### AWARNING

**EXPLOSION HAZARD.** Heater should not be operated in ambient temperature higher than 40°C (104°F) or in atmospheres corrosive to the heater itself.

- 1. The CXH unit heaters use a sealed water-glycol filled heat exchanger. The electric immersion elements transfer heat energy directly to the fluid generating a fluid/vapor mixture which releases its heat energy to the finned radiator as it rises and recondenses back to the bottom reservoir to be reheated. This cycle will continue as long as fan forced air is available on the finned structure to remove the heat to the airstream.
- 2. The finned structure of the heat exchanger must be kept clean and free of accumulated dust and dirt. The cabinet front panel is easily removed providing access to the heater core for periodic cleaning.
- **3.** Unit should not be operated with louvers fully closed. Mechanical stops are incorporated into the design of the cabinet to limit the degree of closure. Do not force the louvers beyond these stops.
- 4. If specified, units are supplied with a built in alarm pilot lamp which will energize if the high temperature cutout(s) has a been activated. During unit startup, the lamp will flash on momentarily to verify its operation.
- 5. Do not operate in ambient temperatures exceeding  $40^{\circ}$ C ( $104^{\circ}$ F).

#### Startup

- 1. Prior to startup, ensure that heater has been properly installed per this manual and local requirements.
- When starting up after long period of in-operation, ensure that proper maintenance procedures have been performed. Not following preventative maintenance procedures can lead to potential dangerous operating conditions.
- 3. Stand clear of front of heater to avoid possible injury.

## Manual and Automatic Reset Thermal Cutout

- 1. High temperature cutout(s) must never be bypassed in control circuit. The factory must perform the replacement of the immersion heater or high temperature cutout. The heat exchanger seal must not be broken. Consult factory for service.
- Resetting the manual cutout multiple times without resolving the cause of the tripping may allow the heater to operate in an unsafe condition. Failure to investigate and resolve a trip condition could result in personal injury or property damage.
- 3. The automatic and manual reset limit controls are located in the heating element hazardous location enclosure on the heat exchanger which is covered by the sheet metal housing attached to the side of the unit.
- 4. To gain access, remove the four sheet metal screws holding the sheet metal cover in place and unthread the cast aluminum enclosure lid. (Figure to the right)
- 5. The manual reset limit control device has a small reset button protruding from the center of its back housing.
- 6. Depress this button in to reset the control. Replace the aluminum enclosure lid and sheet metal cover.
- The automatic reset limit control does not require resetting. If nuisance tripping occurs, consult maintenance and troubleshooting sections. <u>Do not try</u> <u>to remove or replace</u>.

- 4. Unless fitted with the optional 3 position selector switch, heater should immediately start once power is supplied.
- In temperatures below -20°C, the fan may not begin rotating for several seconds. This is normal as the motor and heat exchanger must heat up the entire unit in order for it to begin rotating.



### **Optional Integral Thermostat**

- 1. Do not tamper with or remove thermostat terminal cover. Thermostat may only be serviced by Chromalox personnel.
- 2. Thermostats have a set range from 50-90°F (10-32°C).
- 3. To set the thermostat rotate dial to desired temperature.



## 7. Preventative Maintenance and Repair

### Maintenance and repair MUST be performed by qualified personnel only.

### AWARNING

**EXPLOSION/ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.** Disconnect all power before opening enclosure covers or servicing heater. Failure to comply could result in personal injury or property damage.

- 1. Periodically inspect all electrical connections and terminals to avoid electrical wiring difficulties. Inspect all wiring for frayed or worn insulation.
- 2. Periodically and before each heating season, clean the finned heat exchanger and fan inlet with compresses air, vacuum, or water jet. Be sure all electrical covers are tightly closed.
- **3.** If heat output seems to be low, check amperage draw on each element. Compare measured values to the correct currents as listed on the unit nameplate.
- 4. The thermally protected fan motor is permanently lubricated and sealed. No field servicing is required or should be attempted. Replace only with a factory supplied identical motor. Failure to do so will void the factory warranty and may expose the user to risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres.
- **5.** Check fan blade to be sure that set screws are tight and there are no cracks or looseness in the blades. Use factory supplied replacement blade only.

- 6. Check for any sign of leaking from the heat exchanger. Too little fluid will cause the high temperature cutout(s) to trip or cycle. Periodically inspect the heater for leaks by visual examination using a flashlight. Look for evidence of fluid dunning down the face of the heat exchanger from the top center. Look for evidence of fluid inside the lower terminal enclosure and look for any fluid that may have dripped or pooled in the sheet metal case. If evidence of fluid leaking from the heat exchanger is found, the unit should be removed from service and the cause investigated. The heat exchanger is a sealed unit and can only be serviced by returning to the factory.
- 7. The sealed heat exchanger contains a glycol/water solution of propylene glycol or Ethylene glycol is supplied for arctic duty conditions only. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If ingestion should occur, seek medical attention.

			Freq	uency	
	Action	Annually	Monthly	Every 3 Months	Every 6 Months
1	Using compressed air, clean off motor, fan, heat exchanger, louvers and interior of heater case.	х		х	
2	Check relief valve and heat exchanger welds for leaks or cracks. If leakage or cracks has occurred, replace heat exchanger immediately.	x	x		
3	Check motor for smooth operation.	x		х	
4	Check enclosure covers and conduit / cable connections	х		x	
5	Inspect enclosures for debris or foreign material, that could potentially cause shorting.	x		x	
6	Inspect all electrical wiring and connections, including termi- nals, crimps, and wire insulation. Feel for loose connections and look for signs of loose connections, such as discoloration of terminals or wire insulation.	х		X	
7	Check heating element resistance and insulation resistance (MegOhm). See document PF506 for more information.	x			

### **Preventative Maintenance Recommendations**

## 8. Repair and Replacement

### ACAUTION

BURN HAZARD. Be sure heat exchanger and fluid has been allowed to cool to 110°F before proceeding.

### **Replacing the Heat Exchanger**

Depending on model, heat exchanger weighs between 50 - 100lbs (approx. 25-50kg) and must be properly supported from bottom during removal.

- 1. Remove front case panel by removing 5 screws located on perimeter of case.
- 2. Remove bottom case panel by removing 4 screws attaching it to panel wrapper (2 screws located on back and 1 on each side).
- 3. Remove heat exchanger terminal box cover by removing 4 screws attaching it to panel wrapper.
- 4. Remove main control enclosure cover bolts.
- Inside main control enclosure, disconnect wires entering from bottom (heating element lead wires and cutout lead wires).
- 6. To detach conduit union, secure outer sleeve and turn inner holding the nut closest to the enclosure. Once the red nut is loose, it can be slid over the conduit and rested on the heater terminal housing. To expose inner sleeve, heat exchanger may need to be lowered slightly away from main control enclosure. See step 7.
- 7. Support heat exchanger from bottom, then remove 3 bolts that secure heat exchanger to panel wrapper.
- 8. Lower heat exchanger away from case, while guiding wires out of main control enclosure. It is critical that the conduit seal stay in place and is not disturbed.
- 9. To install new heat exchanger core, reverse step order. Replacement heat exchanger core will include conduit riser and epoxy seal. The seal must remain in tact to maintain hazardous location listing.





Step 1



Steps 2 and 3



Step 6



Step 5

Step 2



Step 6



Step 7



Step 7

### **Replacing Motor and/or Fan Blade**

- 1. Disconnect the unit from power supply.
- 2. (Units with motor splice box) Remove 4 bolts and cover of motor splice box
- 3. (See Figure 12). (Units without motor splice box) Remove 16 bolts and cover of main control enclosure.
- Note wire connections for future reference and disconnect all wires leading to the motor. All motor wires are permanently marked according to the nameplate on the motor.
- 5. Remove 4 bolts in motor base holding it to rear cabinet shelf.
- 6. Remove 4 screws holding fan guard to cabinet.
- 7. Unthread union at motor wiring outlet nipple connection. Carefully lift the motor, fan blade, and guard off of the cabinet.
- 8. Note position of fan blade on motor shaft. Loosen the two set screws to remove the fan blade and key from shaft motor.
- 9. Place guard and fan blade on replacement motor shaft in same locations as original motor. Align key ways in hub and shaft. Insert key flush with fan hub and tighten the two hub set screws.
- 10. Feed motor wires back into conduit and reposition motor back on unit. Center fan blade in opening and rotate to be sure that it clears housing and guard.
- 11. Thread motor nipple connection into conduit union and tighten (5 threads minimum). Replace bolts in motor base and reattach fan guard to back of housing in four places. Recheck blade rotation and tighten all hardware.
- 12. Trim all motor leads extending out of the conduit to 6 lengths. Strip off 3/8" of insulation at cut ends. Using the motor nameplate, previous notes, and marked wires, reconnect the motor for the unit voltage rating as indicated on the heater nameplate. Reattach the ground wire to the connection inside the enclosure. Replace cover and tighten securely.
- 13. Check fan rotation by momentarily energizing the unit. Air must exit at cabinet front. Reverse any 2 leads at contactor or line supply disconnect to reverse rotation of three phase motor.
- 14. Removal of fan blade does not require that the motor wiring be disturbed. To clean, service or change the fan blade proceed as follows:
  - A. Remove the four carriage bolts holding the motor base in place on the cabinet platform. Mark the platform to reposition at same location.

- B. Loosen the four screws on the cabinet back holding the fan guard in place.
- C. Pull the motor to the rear extending the conduit connection at the electrical enclosure. Fan blade and hub set screws can now be accessed by tilting the guard rearward at top or bottom back over the motor shell.





### **Flameproof Enclosures**

- 1. Do not attempt to repair any flameproof enclosures joints. If joints or flame paths appear to be damaged contact Chromalox immediately for replacement.
- 2. If threaded cover bolts or screws are damaged, they must only be replaced with factory provided fasteners.
- 3. When securing enclosure bolts or screws, hand tighten and follow table E for proper torque spec.

### **Flameproof Motor**

- 1. Flameproof joints of the motor are not intended to be repaired. If flameproof joints appear to be damaged, contact Chromalox immediately for motor replacement.
- 2. The anti-condensation heater can be activated only when the motor is not powered.

#### Table E – Flameproof Enclosure Bolt Torque

Enclosure	Bolt Size	Bolt Grade	Bolt Torque (ft-lbs.)	Bolt Torque (N-M)
Control Enclosure	7/16-14 UNC-2A	SAE 8	52	70.5
Thermostat Enclosure	5/16-18 UNC-2A	SAE 7	18	24.4
Heating Element Terminal Housing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Replacing Contactor, Transformer, and Pilot Lights**

### **A**WARNING

**EXPLOSION/ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.** Disconnect all power before opening enclosure covers or servicing heater. Failure to comply could result in personal injury or property damage.

- 1. To access electrical components, remove cover of main control enclosure. Remember to follow all guidelines regarding electrical safety in hazardous locations.
- 2. Before disconnecting any wires, note the wiring configuration and connections to terminal blocks and other equipment.
- 3. Contactor and transformer use retaining screws attached to a panel plate within enclosure. Once the wires are disconnected, the components can be removed by loosening screws holding them to the mounting plate.
- 4. To remove pilot lights, unscrew them from the enclosure once wires are disconnected. Pilots lights are equipped with fusing. Fuses must be replaced with equivalent rated models.

5. Only replace electrical components with those that are factory supplied and have an equivalent rating.





#### **Common Parts**

Item #	Description	ltem #	Description
1	Panel wrapper	28	Washer lock
6	Panel Bottom	29	Hex Nut 3/8-16
8	Panel Front	30	Plug conduit 1/2"
9	Louver	31	Plug conduit 1"
10	Washer Shoulder	32	Union conduit 3/4"
12	Spring	33	Union conduit 3/4"
14	Terminal Box Cover	34	Conduit Box
15	Screw 10-32	35	Conduit 3/4"
16	Fan Blade	50	Bolt 5/16-18
17	Fan Guard	51	Washer
25	Enclosure	52	Nut 5/16-18
26	Bolt 3/8-16, 1.5 lg	62	Cover Exp. Proof
27	Washer flat	75	Conduit 3/4

Publication Number	Title
PF458	Mounting Kits for Model CXH
PF461	MSDS Chromakool EG
PF462	MSDS Chromakool PG

#### **Optional Equipment Parts**

Description	Part Number			
-EP (UL/CSA) Thermostat	300-113075-003			
-CE (ATEX) Thermostat	300-113075-004			
30 Amp Disconnect	104-304328-001			
60 Amp Disconnect	104-304328-002			
Mounting Kit Adapter				
CXH-A/B-03 through 10 027-302361-001				
CXH-A/B-15 through 20	027-302361-002			
CXH-A/B-25 through 35 027-302361-003				
AWARNING				

The factory must perform the replacement of the immersion heater or overtemperature cutout. The heat exchanger seal must not be broken. Consult factory for service.

## 9. Troubleshooting

Condition	Probable Cause	Corrective Action
Unit is not operating or stops operating	Motor has overheated.	Wait 10-15 minutes for motor to cool down
	High Limit Cutout has tripped.	See condition "High limit cutout trips)
Fan is spinning but unit is not putting out heat	Heat exchanger has lost vacuum	Check for signs of vacuum loss, such as leaks near relief valve. If discovered, contact Chromalox and arrange for service.
	Inlet or outlet are blocked	Clean unit using compressed air
	Heat exchanger is dirty	Clean unit using compressed air
	Failed heating element	Contact Chromalox and arrange for service
	Motor may not be spinning at rated rpm	Check motor winding resistance
High limit cutout trips or cycles	Heat exchanger has lost vacuum	Check for signs of vacuum loss, such as leaks near relief valve. If discovered, contact Chromalox and arrange for service.
	Inlet or outlet are blocked	Clean unit using compressed air
	Heat exchanger is dirty	Clean unit using compressed air
Relief valve has activated	Unit has overheated	Contact Chromalox and arrange for service.
Fuse or GFI blows	Short in wiring	Check all wiring for loose or frayed connections and tighten or replace
	Failed heating element	Contact Chromalox and arrange for service.
Large vibration or strange noise coming from heater	Fan-motor is unbalanced	Check to see if set screw is loose. If loose, tighten set screw and ensure fan blade is balanced.
Contactor is chattering (turning on/off rapidly)	Contactor is defective or loose connec- tions / short in wiring	Check for burn marks on the contactor terminals and look for frayed or loose wires. Replace contactor.

Limited Warranty:

Please refer to the Chromalox limited warranty applicable to this product at http://www.chromalox.com/customer-service/policies/termsofsale.aspx.

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